

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING TRIPOS

Part I

SYLLABUS 2020-21

Page

Contents

General introduction	1
Student workload statement	4
Student feedback	5
Information on plagiarism provided by the Department	6
Syllabus for individual units:	
Introductory Chemical Engineering	8
Fluid Mechanics	10
Process Calculations	12
Heat and Mass Transfer Fundamentals	14
Biotechnology	16
Homogeneous Reactors	18
Separations: Equilibrium Staged Processes	20
Heat and Mass Transfer Operations	22
Engineering Mathematics	24
Stress Analysis and Pressure Vessels	26
Convergence material: §1 - Mechanical Engineering	28
Convergence material: §2 - Introductory Chemistry	30
Exercises	32
Chemical Engineering Laboratory	34
Computing Skills	36
Engineering Drawing (§1)	38
Physical Chemistry Laboratory (§2)	40
Professional Skills	42

General Introduction

Students reading the Chemical Engineering Tripos normally progress as follows:

- 1st year: Part IA Natural Sciences Tripos or Part IA Engineering Tripos
- 2nd year: Part I Chemical Engineering Tripos (CET I)
- 3rd year: Part IIA Chemical Engineering Tripos (CET IIA)
- 4th year: Part IIB Chemical Engineering Tripos (CET IIB)

Progress is dependent on satisfactory performance in the previous year's course – honours standard in CET I is sufficient to do CET IIA. Students are normally required to achieve class II.2 or higher in CET IIA in order to progress to CET IIB.

Please note, this Syllabus document was correct at the time of printing. However, changes may occur during the year due to unforeseen circumstances.

The educational aims of the overall Chemical Engineering Tripos are to:

- give a sound education in the fundamentals of Chemical Engineering;
- develop the skills and confidence necessary for the solution of problems in the chemical, biochemical and allied industries;
- produce graduates of the highest calibre;
- provide an education accredited by the Institution of Chemical Engineers.

Outline of Part I Chemical Engineering Tripos (CET I)

In Part I students gain a broad exposure to the core Chemical Engineering topics.

There are lecture courses on:

- Fundamentals: process calculations; fluid mechanics; biotechnology fundamentals; heat and mass transfer fundamentals
- Process operations: separations; homogeneous reactors; biotechnology operations; heat and mass transfer operations
- Process systems: introductory chemical engineering
- Mathematics: engineering mathematics
- Enabling topics: stress analysis and pressure vessels; mechanical engineering for those who read Natural Sciences in the first year; introductory chemistry for those who read Engineering in the first year

In addition, students are required to undertake classes on:

- Exercises
- Chemical Engineering laboratory
- Computing skills
- Professional skills
- Engineering drawing: for those who read Natural Sciences in the first year
- Physical chemistry laboratory: for those who read Engineering in the first year

Full details of these courses are provided in the Part I Syllabus Document.

Students for Part I will take three written examination papers. Papers 1-2 will be taken by all students. Paper 3(1) will be taken by students who read Natural Sciences in the first year, and Paper 3(2) will be taken by students who read Engineering in the first year. The format of examinations and weighting of written papers and project work is given in the Form and Conduct Notice published each year by the Chemical Engineering and Biotechnology Syndicate.

Outline of Part IIA Chemical Engineering Tripos (CET IIA)

In Part IIA students continue their study of core chemical engineering topics, both by extending subjects that were introduced in Part I and by being exposed to new topics.

There are lecture courses on:

- Fundamentals: advanced fluid mechanics; equilibrium thermodynamics; radiative heat transfer; corrosion and materials
- Process operations: heterogeneous reactors; separations; bioprocessing; particle processing
- Process systems: process dynamics and control; process synthesis; safety, health and environment
- Mathematical methods: partial differential equations; statistics
- Enabling topics: process design

In addition, students are required to undertake:

- Exercises
- Design project
- Engineering ethics

Full details of these courses are provided in the Part IIA Syllabus Document.

Students for Part IIA will take three written examination papers. These examinations are near the start of Easter term, after which the Design Project takes place. The format of examinations and weighting of written papers and project work is given in the Form and Conduct Notice published each year by the Chemical Engineering and Biotechnology Syndicate.

Rather than staying on for Part IIB, students may graduate with a B.A. degree after successfully completing Part IIA. Students leaving at this stage have not fully completed the academic requirements of the IChemE for becoming a Chartered Engineer.

Outline of Part IIB Chemical Engineering Tripos (CET IIB)

Part IIB is a Master's-level course that gives students a deeper understanding of some fundamental subjects, introduces a range of specialist areas of knowledge, and provides an opportunity for broadening their education.

Topics in Groups A and D are compulsory. Students are required to take a total of six modules from Groups B and C, of which at least two must come from Group B and at least two must come from Group C. Further, at least two of the six modules chosen from Groups B and C should be assessed principally or entirely by written examination.

Group A consists of the following compulsory topics.

- Sustainability in chemical engineering
- Energy technology
- Chemical product design

Group B consists of advanced chemical engineering topics.

- Advanced Transport Processes
- Interface Engineering
- Rheology and processing
- Computational fluid dynamics
- Fluid mechanics and the environment
- Electrochemical Engineering

Group C consists of broadening material topics.

- Optical Microscopy
- Healthcare Biotechnology
- Foreign language
- Biosensors and Bioelectronics
- Bionanotechnology

The Group D topic is a compulsory project. Each student undertakes a research project, usually in collaboration with another student, supervised by a member of staff.

Full details of these courses are provided in the Part IIB Syllabus Document.

The format of examinations and weighting of written papers and project work is given in the Form and Conduct Notice published each year by the Chemical Engineering and Biotechnology Syndicate.

Students graduate with B.A. and M.Eng. degrees after successfully completing Part IIB. Provided they performed satisfactorily in the design component, they have satisfied the academic requirements of the IChemE for becoming a Chartered Engineer.

Student Workload Statement

It is expected that students will:

- attend and be attentive in all lectures and related classes;
- complete all assignments to a satisfactory standard by the imposed deadlines;
- prepare properly for all College supervisions;
- work in the vacations on consolidation, revision, exam preparation and any coursework.

The normal workload for a typical chemical engineering student is 45 hours each week during term. However, this is not a hard and fast figure. Some students work intensely and can achieve a great deal in an hour. Other students work less efficiently. In an ideal world, students would work on a particular task (problem sheet, lab write-up, exercise report) until the desired learning outcomes have been achieved. That said, students are advised not to spend significantly more time on work than the typical workload on a frequent basis. For supervision work, while it can be useful educationally for a student to battle through a problem to reach a solution (even if it takes a long time), it is perfectly acceptable for a student to "give up" after a decent effort and go on to the next question. One of the roles of supervisions is for students to ask for help on questions that they cannot answer. Question & Answer sessions and demonstrator assistance are also provided for much of the coursework to assist students.

Student Feedback

The Department of Chemical Engineering and Biotechnology has a strong tradition of good relations between staff and students, and takes student feedback seriously.

You will be asked to complete a questionnaire on each lecture unit when it finishes. You will also be asked to complete an end-of-year questionnaire on the overall course. Please take time to fill these in. Staff very much value receiving constructive comments.

If there are any problems with teaching in the Department, please tell the lecturer or course organiser. It is a good idea to tell the organiser before the end of the course because it may be possible to rectify the problem. If the problem persists, then please tell the Director of Teaching, Professor Geoff Moggridge via teaching@ceb.cam.ac.uk. If you prefer to make comments anonymously, this can be done by e-mail to library@ceb.cam.ac.uk – the librarian will remove names before passing the comments on to relevant academic staff.

If there are any problems with College supervisions, then please tell your Director of Studies or Senior Tutor.

A further feedback mechanism within the Department is provided by the Staff-Student Consultative Committee (SSCC). This is the formal forum in which students comment on issues concerning life in the Department. Two student representatives will be elected from each undergraduate year group early in Michaelmas term to serve on this Committee. Meetings are held at least twice a year.

There is also an undergraduate representative on the Chemical Engineering and Biotechnology Syndicate. This is the University body that is responsible for overseeing the running of the Department – it is the equivalent of a Faculty Board. The election of the undergraduate representative to the Syndicate takes place late in Michaelmas term.

Chemical Engineering Tripos: information on plagiarism

The University's website on plagiarism makes the following statement:

"Plagiarism is defined as submitting as one's own work, irrespective of intent to deceive, that which derives in part or in its entirety from the work of others without due acknowledgement. It is both poor scholarship and a breach of academic integrity."

The open literature, including web-based literature, is available for you to consult. Discussions about continually assessed work with other students, or with demonstrators or supervisors, can be beneficial, and we wish to encourage such discussions. However, any work that you submit for assessment must represent your own knowledge and understanding and not that of someone else. When you draw on the work of others, e.g. words, facts, data, ideas, diagrams, and software, you must acknowledge the source with an appropriate citation.

Any attempt to pass off the work of others as your own is a serious offence. If plagiarism (which includes unauthorised collusion) is detected, the Examiners will award a mark which reflects the underlying academic merit and extent of a candidate's own work. Further, the case may be referred to the Senior Proctor, the University Advocate, or taken to the University's Court of Discipline, depending on the nature of the offence.

Moreover, as well as not copying the work of others, you should not allow another person to copy your work. If you allow another person to copy your work, you may be found guilty of assisting an attempt to use unfair means.

Some continually assessed work is designed to be carried out individually, and some in collaboration with other students. The specifications regarding the manner of working and reporting are shown in the Student Collaboration Table below.

Information about the University's policy and procedures on plagiarism can be found at http://www.admin.cam.ac.uk/univ/plagiarism/

Plagiarism Form

At the start of the academic year, you will be asked to sign a form confirming that you have read and understood the policies and procedures of the Department and the University on plagiarism.

Student Collaboration	1 Table 2020/2021
-----------------------	-------------------

Level	Course	Instructions	
CET I	Exercises	You must work as an individual.	
CET I	Chemical Engineering Laboratory	You normally work in a group of two. You may collaborate with the other member or members of your group in conducting experiments and theoretical investigations, but your reports must be written independently.	
CET I	Computing Skills	You must work as an individual.	
CET I	Engineering Drawing	You must work as an individual.	
CET I	Physical Chemistry Laboratory	You normally work in a group of two. You may collaborate with the other members of your group in conducting experiments and theoretical investigations, but your reports must be written independently.	
CET IIA	Engineering Ethics	You must work as an individual.	
CET IIA	Exercises	You must work as an individual.	
CET IIA	Design Project	Because the projects are carried out in groups, cooperation between members of each group is essential. However, collaboration between different groups, and exchange of information, drawings, text, calculations and computer files, other than that which takes place at office hours and seminars, is prohibited. The report and associated calculations must represent the work only of the members of the group.	
CET IIB	Chemical Product Design	Because some of the work is carried out in groups, cooperation between members of each group is essential. However, collaboration between different groups, and exchange of information, drawings, text, calculations and computer files, other than that which takes place during and following workshops and seminars, is prohibited. All individual reports must be written individually.	
CET IIB	Research Project	You normally work in pairs, in which case you may collaborate with your partner in conducting experiments and theoretical investigations, but your reports must be written independently. If you work with a research group, you may collaborate with members of the group on experimental and theoretical investigations. However, your report must be written independently, and you should clearly state the assistance provided by other members of the research group.	
CET IIB	Computational Fluid Dynamics	You must work as an individual.	
CET IIB	Foreign Language	You must work as an individual.	
CET IIB	Biosensors and Bioectronics	You must work as an individual when specified. When it is specified that you should work in a group, you may collaborate with the other members of your group in conducting experiments, theoretical investigations, and design exercises but your reports must be written independently.	
CET IIB	Bionanotechnology	You must work as an individual when specified. You may work in a group when it is specified that you may do so, but all reports must be written independently.	

Unit				
Introductory Chemical Engineering				
Level	Term		Duration	
CET I		MT 2020	16 lectures	
Background This unit introduces key concepts in chemical engineering. Chemical engineering practice is introduced by considering different industries and products employing chemical engineers, setting the context for other courses. There is specific coverage of process safety; on financial assessment of projects, and dimensional analysis, which is an important tool in considering scale-up and scale-down. Mastery of each of these topics is a hallmark of a professional chemical engineer.				
The aim is to introduce flowsheets, dimension			roach, terminology and practice, including	
Learning Outcomes				
 On completing this course and the associated problem sheets, students should be able to: describe the structure of (petro)chemical industry and give examples of major processing routes describe the changes to the industry brought about by changes in raw material availability describe the benefits and risks of process innovation discuss the role that chemical engineers can play in decarbonisation describe how biomass substitution and recycling can supplement raw materials use use the method of dimensional analysis use methods for assessing the financial attractiveness of projects, including DCF techniques generate costing estimates of plant items describe the concepts of risk and risk criteria give examples of English statute and civil law concerning safety with particular focus on process safety and safety practices 				
Assumed Knowledge		~		
Material Source None				
Connections To Other Units				
This unit sets the scene for other courses taught in the Chemical Engineering Tripos. Some of the material will be used explicitly in the CET IIA Design Project. Safety, Health and the Environment (SHE) will be expanded and treated quantitatively in CET IIA.				
expanded and treated of			ealth and the Environment (SHE) will be	
expanded and treated of <i>Self Assessment</i> Three problem sheets	quantitatively in CET I		ealth and the Environment (SHE) will be	
Self Assessment	quantitatively in CET I will be issued. uestions indicate the le	IA.	expected:	
Self Assessment Three problem sheets The following exam q CET I: 2009-2017, Pa Assessment	quantitatively in CET I will be issued. uestions indicate the le per 4(1&2), q. 2, 3; 20	IA. vel of achievement 18-2019 Paper 2 q.	expected:	
Self Assessment Three problem sheets The following exam q CET I: 2009-2017, Pa	quantitatively in CET I will be issued. uestions indicate the le per 4(1&2), q. 2, 3; 20	IA. vel of achievement 18-2019 Paper 2 q.	expected:	

Unit Staff	
Intro Chem Eng Dr B.	Hallmark and Professor D.I. Wilson

An Introduction to Chemical Engineering (6 lectures, BH)

The structure of the chemical industry – raw materials, basic chemicals, intermediates and consumer-facing products.

Oil refining – the refinery flowsheet, separation operations, catalytic operations.

3 important process routes – discussing the value chains surrounding (i) synthesis gas, (ii) benzene, toluene & xylene and (iii) chlorine & ethylene.

The changing global picture – reduction in EU & UK contribution to global chemicals, the increase of Asian contribution; understanding the impact of unconventional gas sources on the regrowth of industry; understanding the opportunities and pitfalls of process innovation.

The chemical engineering of the future – the role of chemical engineers in sustainability and decarbonisation; decarbonisation technologies and the future of CO_2 as an unconventional raw material; using sustainability concepts to lessen the environmental impact of processes.

Dimensional analysis (2 lectures, BH)

Revision – dimensional consistency and homogeneity; non-dimensional groups of interest to chemical engineers, finding non-dimensional groups.

Buckingam's pi theorem – number of independent non-dimensional groups for a given problem. Examples – how to use dimensional analysis to inform experimental design, processing experimental data to form models of physical behaviour; using dimensional analysis to help build scale models.

Project Financing (4 lectures, DiW)

Economics - the allocation of scarce resources. Division of labour. Comparative advantage.

 $Project\ cash\ flow-components\ of\ cash\ flow,\ fixed\ and\ variable\ costs,\ overheads.$

Depreciation – why it is not a cash flow. Its influence on cash flow via taxation and tax allowances. Trade-offs between capital and operating costs.

Project evaluation, especially by discounted cash flow, net present value.

Costings of plant items.

Safety, Health and the Environment (4 lectures, DiW)

The concept of risk – safety and loss prevention. SHE and public attitudes to safety. Individual and societal risk, and accepted and imposed risk. Methods of quantifying risk.

Legislation – civil and statute law. Current UK and related international legislation. The responsibility of the individual.

Safety in design – basic principles and methods used to assure safety, including HAZOP and HACCP Safety in operation – sources of hazard. Permit to work.

Safety culture – The importance of a sound safety culture will be stressed, and examples of UK and foreign process plant accidents will be referred to.

Teaching Materials

Suitable background reading will be discussed in lectures. Parts of the following books are relevant:

- J.A. Moulijn, M. Makkee, and A. van Diepen, "Chemical Process Technology", Wiley, 2nd ed.2013.
- G. Towler and R. Sinnott, "Chemical Engineering Design", Butterworth-Heinemann, 2nd ed. 2012 (or its predecessor, volume 6 of Coulson and Richardson's "Chemical Engineering" series)
- M.S. Peters and K.D. Timmerhaus, "Plant Design and Economics for Chemical Engineers", McGraw-Hill, 3rd ed. 2003.
- R.L. Skelton, "Process Safety Analysis", IChemE, 1996.

Unit Fluid Mechanics			
		ulu Mechanics	
Level	Term	MT 2020	Duration
CET I		MT 2020	16 lectures
Background Fluid mechanics is central to many aspects of engineering, science and everyday life, <i>e.g.</i> the flow of process fluids along pipes, mixing, weather forecasting, wind resistance, and breathing. An understanding of the principles of fluid mechanics not only allows engineers and scientists to carry out useful calculations, but also gives the background for an understanding of phenomena as varied as flight and blood circulation. Aims			
useful calculations, and			anics to allow students to carry out variety of physical phenomena.
Learning Outcomes			
 On completing this course and the associated problem sheets, students should be able to: identify the relevant physical parameters and basic equations for the steady flow of ideal and Newtonian fluids and use them in practical applications in simple geometries. analyse laminar and turbulent flow in pipes and pipe networks. analyse the operation of centrifugal pumps, and the interaction between pumps and pipe networks. identify design problems in mixing operations use the method of dimensional analysis in fluid mechanics. relate flow and pressure drop in a packed bed, to apply the knowledge to the design of packed columns and filters describe fluidization and perform calculations on bed expansion. 			
Assumed Knowledge		C.	
Material		Source	
Newton's laws of Integration and di		Part IA Part IA	
Connections To Other	· Units		
The material presented is used in other courses, notably CET I Heat and Mass Transfer and CET IIA Fluid Mechanics. Questions on dimensional analysis may assume knowledge of CET I Introductory Chemical Engineering. The theory taught is illustrated in some of CET I Fluid Mechanics Laboratory experiments.			
Self Assessment			
Examples sheets will be issued during lectures. In recent years, the first two questions on CET I Paper 1 have been on fluid mechanics. More specific recommendations of examination questions from past papers will be provided on the examples sheets.			
Assessment			
The material from this unit is assessed by written examination.			
<i>Prepared</i> JS 25/8/2020	Approved GDM	Subject Grouping Fundamentals	

Unit	Staff
Fluids	Dr Joanna Stasiak
Synopsis	

- 1. Introduction
 - Physical properties
 - Pressure and shear force, hydrostatic effects
 - Laminar and turbulent flow

2. Flow of ideal fluids

- Continuity equation
- Bernoulli's equation
- Momentum equation

3. Laminar flow

- Flow down a vertical plate
- Flow in a cylindrical pipe
- Flow between parallel plates
- Measurement of viscosity

4. Turbulent flow in pipes

- Friction factors
- Energy losses
- Ring mains

5. Pumps

- Introduction to pump types
- Dimensional analysis
- Pump and pipeline characteristics
- Cavitation and Net Positive Suction Head

6. Liquid mixing

- Introduction: equipment and types of mixing
- Flow pattern in stirred tanks

7. Dimensional analysis

- Examples of the use of dimensional analysis in fluid mechanics:
 - centrifugal pump: pressure rise and flowrate, power, specific speed
 - power consumption in stirred vessels
 - drag and lift
- 8. Flow through packed and fluidized beds
 - Darcy's Law; Ergun and Carman Kozeny equations
 - The phenomenon of fluidization; bed expansion
 - Filtration, optimum cycle times

Teaching Materials

The recommended textbooks are:

- Y.A. Çengel and J.M. Cimbala, "Fluid Mechanics Fundamentals and Applications", McGraw Hill, 2nd ed. 2010.
- J.M. Kay and R.M. Nedderman, "Fluid Mechanics and Transfer Processes", CUP, 1985.
- J.M. Coulson and J.F. Richardson, "Chemical Engineering Vol. 1", Pergamon Press, 6th ed. 1999.

Unit					
Process Calculations					
Level	Term	Duration			
CET I	MT 2020	24 lecture equivalents			
Background					
	Chemical engineers are concerned with designing processes, operating processes and improving processes. To do calculations on processes, chemical engineers need to understand thermodynamics.				
Aims					
The aim is to cover the fundament	atures and pressures arour	tiples that enable the calculation of a process flowsheet. The course corruction of energy to botch and			
		s, for pure fluids and mixtures, together			
Learning Outcomes	thing and redeting systems	, for pure maras and mixtures, together			
 On completing this course and the associated problem sheets, students should be able to: set up and solve mass balance equations set up and solve energy balance equations look up thermodynamic data in tables calculate the density, enthalpy and entropy of real fluids from an equation of state perform calculations on simple power and refrigeration cycles calculate thermodynamic properties of ideal mixtures calculate thermodynamic properties of real mixtures using partial molar properties and/or an appropriate equation of state use criteria for thermodynamic equilibrium to calculate equilibrium conditions, including phase equilibrium and chemical reaction equilibrium 					
Assumed Knowledge					
Material	Sourc	e			
Simple chemistry (moles etc.) The notion of energy	A-leve GCSE	el 2 and A-level			
Connections To Other Units					
Process calculations need to be performed when considering any process, whether it be a simple transformation or a complex series of transformations. This course is therefore essential knowledge for many of the other units in the Chemical Engineering Tripos.					
Self Assessment					
Seven problem sheets will be issued during lectures.					
The following CET I examinatio 2012-2017, Paper 2, Questions 5 2018-2019, Paper 2, Questions 1	5-8	evel of achievement expected:			
Assessment					
The material from this unit is assessed by examination.					
Prepared Approved	Subject Grouping				

Unit Drocos	ss Calculations Staff Dr P.J. Barrie
Synops	
1)	 Introduction Continuous and batch processes; process flowsheets Notation and conversion between units
2)	 Mass Balances Cases with and without chemical reaction Recycle and purge
3)	 State Functions and Equations of State Gibbs phase rule Compressibility; virial equation; van der Waals equation; principle of corresponding states; Peng-Robinson equation
4)	 Energy Balances Energy conservation in closed (batch) systems Energy conservation in open (continuous) systems Case study: design of evaporators Energy balances in systems involving a chemical reaction
5)	 Thermodynamic Relationships The second law of thermodynamics: entropy Manipulating relationships between state functions Calculation of enthalpies of real substances Calculation of entropies of real substances
6)	 Applied Thermodynamics Cycles that interconvert heat and work (1): Carnot, Otto, diesel, Stirling cycles Changing the pressure of fluids: pumps, compressors, turbines, valves Cycles that interconvert heat and work (2): Joule, Rankine, CHP cycles; heat pump and refrigeration cycles
7)	 Thermodynamics of Mixtures Partial molar properties Ideal mixtures Equations of state for mixtures
8)	 Equilibrium Criteria for equilibrium Phase equilibrium for pure substances; Clapeyron and Clausius-Clapeyron equations Vapour-liquid equilibrium in the case of an ideal mixture (Raoult's law) Chemical reaction equilibrium and equilibrium constants based on activity
Teachi	ing Materials
• S.	commended textbooks are: I. Sandler: "Chemical, Biochemical and Engineering Thermodynamics", Wiley, 5th ed. 2017 r earlier edition).

- R.M. Felder, R.W. Rousseau, L.G. Bullard: "Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes", Wiley, 4th ed. 2017 (or earlier edition).
 D.M. Himmelblau and J.B. Riggs: "Basic Principles and Calculations in Chemical Engineering", Prentice Hall, 8th ed. 2012. •
- •

Unit				
		ss Transfe	er Fundamentals	
Level CET I	Term	LT 2021	Duration 18 lectures	3
Background	I			`
mechanisms frequently or thermal energy, rele	y limit (and thus contro eased (or consumed) by	ol) the rate at wh reactions, can b	rations in chemical engineering as ich changes occur. The rate at wh be transported to or from manufact ark of chemical engineering exper	turing sites is
momentum in static ar		luction, forced c	of transport processes involving h convection and free convection are	
Learning Outcomes				
	on the basis of identify		e models for processes and phenor Il phenomena. On completing this	
 physical phenome describe and use t can solve previou the system. calculate local rat systems. derive and unders explain the meani 	na in practical situations the physics of steady ar sly unseen heat and ma res of heat and mass tra stand the log-mean driving of the main non-din	s, where heat and ad unsteady cond ass transfer problems for in single-p ing force. nensional param	d mass transfer. They can explain mass transfer is involved. luctive and convective heat transf lems by constructing quantitative hase systems, and heat transfer in eters used in analysing heat and m poiling and condensation.	fer. models of vapour-liquid
Assumed Knowledge Material Fluid mechanics Equation solving, Single and double and spherical pola Connections To Other	e integrals. Use of Carte ar co-ordinates.	Sou • • esian, polar	<i>rce</i> CET I Fluid Mechanics First year mathematics	
The material covered in these lectures is used in many subsequent units in CET I, CET IIA and CET IIB. The unit is integrated with that on Heat and Mass Transfer Operations. Some experiments in the CET I Laboratory relate to this unit. A CET I Exercise is often linked to this unit.				
Self Assessment				
level. Further worked Suitable past examinat understanding and pro	examples, with solution tion questions are sugg	ns, are provided ested on these pre- e and seek help v	v problems as well as lists of quest on Moodle to assist students. roblem sheets so that students can when necessary. It is important tha ets.	test their
Assessment				
The material from this unit is assessed by written examination.				
<i>Prepared</i> EJM 30/8/2020	Approved GDM	Subject Groups Fundamentals	ing	

Un H&	it &MT Fundamentals	<i>Staff</i> Dr Ewa J. Marek		
Sy	nopsis			
	lectures, which seek to deduce transport to cases where exact solutions are not avail	rates from fundamental considerations, and introduce correlations able.		
	e coverage extends to steady state one-din ne unsteady state situations.	nensional transport, film models, as well as an introduction to		
1.		e heat conduction through a slab, cylindrical shell and sphere. ht; Nusselt number. Resistances in series.		
2.	Unsteady state heat conduction through	solids; the Biot number; solutions in Heisler charts.		
3.	8. Principles of mass transfer – Diffusion. Fick's laws of diffusion. Stefan's method of measuring diffusivity. Definition of the mass transfer coefficient, and Sherwood number, <i>Sh</i> . Geometry effects. Diffusion from a sphere and total evaporation of a sphere. Counter diffusion, diffusion of species to a sphere followed by reaction at the surface. Diffusion and kinetic control. Effect of particle size and temperature on rate-determining step.			
4.	Sh = f(Re, Sc): the Prandtl and Schmidt effects. Results for developed turbulent	er – flowing systems. Dimensional analysis: $Nu = f(Re, Pr)$, a numbers. Discussion of entry lengths and boundary layer flow: film model, <i>j</i> -factor, experimental results for flow in a ons. Combination of heat transfer modes: addition of heat transfer		
5.	5. Natural convection: the physical significance of the Grashof number; heat and mass transfer from surfaces by natural convection. Discussion of the relative magnitudes of heat transfer by conduction, forced and natural convection, and radiation.			
6.	Two phase heat transfer: heat transfer in	boiling liquids. Introductory aspects: pool and film boiling.		
7.	Two phase heat transfer: condensation of condensation. Condensation in the prese	of a vapour: Nusselt's analysis. Dropwise and filmwise ence of inerts.		
Liı	nks to the questions on the problem sheets	s are provided.		
Te	aching Materials			
Le ma	cture notes are provided as a booklet with iterials are not provided: students need to	copies of sections on Moodle. Annotated notes and presentation come to the lectures. As well as conventional problem sheets worked examples with solutions will be available on Moodle.		
Th •	R.H.S. Winterton, "Heat Transfer", OU	nsfer. Three of the more accessible ones are: P Chemistry Primer, 1997 (recommended). man and A.S. Lavine, "Fundamentals of Heat and Mass		

Transfer", Wiley, 8th ed 2017 (or an earlier edition). J.P. Holman, "Heat transfer", McGraw-Hill, 10th ed 2010

More detailed books are:

- J.M. Kay and R.M. Nedderman, "Fluid Mechanics and Transfer Processes", CUP, 1985. E.L. Cussler, "Diffusion: mass transfer in fluid systems", CUP, 3rd ed. 2009.

Unit			
Biotechnology			
Level	Term		Duration
CET I		LT 2021	16 lectures
cells and systems. The food and waste treatm technology and cellula	e scope of biotechnolo ent) to newer technol ar engineering. Chemi	ogy ranges from traditional b ogies for the healthcare indu	o develop products from biological ioprocessing operations (brewing, stries based on recombinant DNA ipline for the commercial exploitation yed in this sector.
Aims	enemiear engineers a	re meredsingly being employ	
To understand the role The unit will first focu the range of commerci quantitative understan provide a very basic ir	as on introducing biol ally valuable product ding and modelling o atroduction to biocher	ogical building blocks and m ts that can be made in biolog f microbial and enzymatic re	atical and biotechnological industries. hacromolecules, then go on to describe ical systems and will then focus on eaction processes. The unit also and cell biology that is not provided understanding biology.
Learning Outcomes			
 On completing this course and the associated problem sheets, students should be able to: appreciate the difference between classical and modern biotechnology name basic biomolecules and describe how they assemble into biomacromolecules understand the function of proteins and their production appreciate the use of enzymes in industrial processes derive kinetic models for enzyme-catalysed reactions and use them to analyse processes involving enzymes (including processes in which enzyme inhibition and inactivation occurs) recognise fundamental cell types and describe their uses in biotechnology describe the biological processes operating in cells and how these may be exploited by biotechnology describe how genetic and protein engineering can be exploited by modern biotechnology understand terms such as systems biology and synthetic biology and recognise how they might influence future biotechnology use semi-empirical methods to describe the stoichiometry and rates of microbial growth use models for microbial growth to predict performance in various types of bioreactor understand the advantages and disadvantages of different types of bioreactors 			
Assumed Knowledge		c	
Material Mathematical mer Reactors Process Calculation		Source NST IA or ET CET I Homog CET I Process	eneous Reactors
Connections To Other	r Units		
The latter part of this unit will show how chemical engineering knowledge acquired in other parts of the course can be applied to biotechnology. The unit is particularly connected to Homogeneous Reactors and Process Calculations. There is no need for any previous biological knowledge.			
Self Assessment			
Problem sheets demonstrating the standard expected will be distributed during the lectures. Ability to solve these problems will guide student assessment of their own standard with respect to the material presented and examined. The following past examination questions are relevant: CET I 2019: Paper 3, questions 3 and 4 CET I 2018: Paper 3, question 3 CET I 2015-2017: Paper 3, questions 4,5,6			
Assessment The material from this unit is assessed by written examination.			
Prepared RMO 8/2020	Approved GDM	Subject Grouping Fundamentals / Process O	perations

Biotechnolo	gy Dr Róisín Owens
Synopsis	
1.	Introduction to biotechnology: Traditional vs modern biotechnology Biological building blocks; nucleic acids, amino acids, lipids Biomacromolecules; DNA, RNA and proteins A presentation of theories on the origin of life.
2.	The cell part I: prokaryotic vs eukaryotic. Description of cellular processes: Transcription and translation Energy generation Transport Metabolism
3.	Proteins as products: Principles of genetic and protein engineering Methods for protein production from bacteria Biological catalysts; structure vs function Bioinspired materials
4.	Overview of the immune/defense system: Therapeutic strategies and products Structure-function relationship Monoclonal antibodies and their production Industrial exploitation and economics
5.	Introduction to enzymes: The use of enzymes in industry Enzyme kinetics Molecular inhibition of enzyme activity Optimisation of enzyme activity Soluble vs immobilised enzymes
6.	The cell part II: Communication and Division. Introduction to multi-cellular ensembles (tissues) Cells as products: stem cell therapy Cells as products: fermentation
7.	Cells (or by-products) as products: Chemical equations describing the growth of cells Material balance equations for cell growth Generalized degree of reductance Yield coefficients and electron balances Microbial heat generation
8.	Large-scale production of cells: Quantitative analysis of fermentation Batch, semi-batch, fed-batch and continuous fermentation Rates of product formation and optimisation thereof
 B. Albe 	<i>Taterials</i> ng books are useful reference sources: rts <i>et al.</i> , "Molecular Biology of the Cell", Garland Science, 6 th ed. 2015 (or earlieredition) ith, "Biotechnology", Cambridge University Press, 5 th ed. 2009.

- P. Doran, "Bioprocess Engineering Principles", Academic Press, 2nd ed. 2013.
 D. Voet and J. Voet, "Biochemistry", Wiley Press, 4th ed. 2011. •
- .

Unit					
Homogeneous Reactors					
Level	Term		Duration		
CET I		MT 2020	8 lectures		
Background			•		
Many processes demand that chemical reactions be carried out in an economical and safe fashion. It is thus necessary to understand how to select and design reactors. Key factors include type of reactor, prediction of yield, selective manufacture of desired products and temperature control. The subject is relevant to operations taking place in the chemical, minerals, biochemical and food industries, and can play a vital part in environmental control. By using correct design and operation, the chemical engineer can control and manipulate the chemistry in order to ensure efficient and reliable processing.					
Aims					
tank, plug flow) and to	perform mass and en	ergy balances over them. The	se reactor (batch, continuous stirred ese aspects, combined with a ce and enable sizing of reactors.		
Learning Outcomes					
On completing this con	urse and the associated	l problem sheets, students she	ould be able to:		
 identify the differences in operation and analysis of generic homogeneous phase reactor systems; demonstrate an understanding of equilibrium and kinetic expressions, order of reaction, reaction schemes, conversion, yield and selectivity; apply mass and energy balances to ideal reactor systems and solve reactor design problems usingthem; understand the influence of reaction characteristics on choice of reactor systems; quantify thermal effects in reactors and understand the practical implications thereof; appreciate the idea of non-ideality of flow in reactors. 					
Assumed Knowledge					
Material		Source			
Chemical reaction kine		School	1		
Mass and energy bala First order ODEs	nces	CET I Process Calcu ET or NST IA Maths			
Thist older ODEs		ET OF NOT IA Math			
Connections To Other	r IInits				
The themes and material will be extended in CET IIA Heterogeneous Reactors.					
Self Assessment					
One problem sheet will be issued during the lectures. The questions in the following Tripos papers indicate the level of achievement expected:					
CET I Paper 3, 2017-2018, q.5					
1 - 7 - · · · · 7 1 -					
Assessment					
The material from this unit is assessed by written examination.					
Prenared	Prepared Approved Subject Grouping				
LTM 08/2020	GDM	Process Operations			

Unit	Staff
Reactors	Dr L Torrente Murciano
Synopsis	

1. Homogeneous Phase Reactors

- Introduction to reactors
- Types of homogeneous phase reactor: batch, continuous stirred tank, plug flow
- Physical chemistry of reactions: rates of chemical reaction, rate laws and orders of reaction, equilibrium reactions

2. Analysis of Isothermal "Ideal" Reactor Systems

- Fractional conversion
- Batch reactors: constant volume and constant pressure systems
- Continuous stirred tank reactors (CSTRs): space and residence times, liquid phase reactions, gas phase reactions
- Plug flow reactors (PFRs): space and residence times, liquid phase reactions, gas phase reactions
- Analysis of reactor systems containing more than one continuous reactor: graphical and analytical approaches
- The influence of chemical factors on reactor choice: consecutive and parallel reactions
- Equilibrium reactions: simple equilibrium system, pseudo/quasi steady state hypothesis

3. Thermal Effects in Reactors

- Effect of temperature on equilibrium and reaction rates
- Adiabatic reactors
- Conversion as a function of temperature for a CSTR
- Practical implications of thermal effects: optimal temperature progressions, multiple steady states
- Temperature profiles along a PFR

4. Non-Ideal Flow and Mixing in Continuous Reactors

• An introduction to residence time distributions (RTDs)

Teaching Materials

Recommended textbooks:

- H.S. Fogler, "Elements of Chemical Reaction Engineering", Pearson, 5thed. 2016 (or earlier edition).
- O. Levenspiel, "Chemical Reaction Engineering", Wiley, 3rd ed. 1999.

Unit						
Separations: Equilibrium Staged Processes						
Level	Term	1 T 2021	Duration			
CET I Background		LT 2021	16 lectures			
Separation processes of are organised as a case	Background Separation processes dominate most chemical engineering flowsheets. This unit explores separations which are organised as a cascade of stages, such that the streams leaving each stage are close to phase equilibrium. Simple thermodynamic principles limit the maximum separation that may be achieved in each stage.					
Aims						
			s behind equilibrium staged processes. The ifferent separations processes then being			
Learning Outcomes						
On completing this co explain why stage write component understand graph carry out design a carry out calculat carry out design a carry out design a	es must often be cascad and overall material ba ical thermodynamic rel and rating calculations ions on a flash separate nd rating calculations	led together to for lances around sin lationships descril on gas absorption or on a binary distill alculations on a b	ation column atch distillation process			
	rial balances, mole fra		ce I Process Calculations			
	saturated vapour press	sure CET	I Process Calculations I Introductory Chemical Engineering			
<i>Connections To Other Units</i> This unit assumes some knowledge of equilibrium thermodynamics (taught in CET I Process Calculations); further relevant thermodynamics is taught in CET IIA. Some separations processes that are limited by transfer rates (rather than equilibrium) are taught in CET I Heat and Mass Transfer Operations. Further separations techniques are described in the CET IIA course on Separations.						
Self Assessment	Self Assessment					
Problem sheets will be issued during lectures.						
	examination questions Il questions in Section		of achievement expected:			
Assessment						
The material from this unit is assessed by written examination.						
Prepared ZB 09/2020	Approved GDM	Subject Groupin Process Operation	-			

Unit Sepa	rations: ESP	Staff Mr Z Bond
Syno		
	F and	
1.	Introduction	
	1.1 Background and Aims	
	1.2 Separation Philosophy	
	1.3 Analysis of a Single Equil	librium Stage
	1.4 Cascade of Equilibrium St	
	1.5 Non-linear Equilibrium	
2.	Counter-Current Cascades	
	2.1 The McCabe-Thiele Cons	truction
	2.2 Pinches	
	2.3 Case of High Rates of Tra	unsfer of Solute
	2.4 Worked Example	
	2.5 Stage Efficiencies	
	2.6 Desorption/Stripping	
_		
3.	Group Methods 3.1 Kremser-Souders-Brown	Equation (KSB)
	3.2 Particular Forms of the KS	
	3.3 General Plot of Eq. 3.6	SD Equation
	1	
	3.4 Worked Example	
4.	Vapour-Liquid Equilibrium for B	Binary Distillation
	4.1 Pure Components	
		ence of Non-Condensible Gas
	4.3 Binary Mixtures of Volati	leComponents
	4.4 Mixtures of Water + Singl	leHydrocarbon
	4.5 Raoult's Law	
	4.6 Relative Volatility	
5.	Binary Distillation	
	5.1 Single Equilibrium Stage	
	5.2 Distillation Column	
	5.3 Design Calculations	
	5.4 Practical Arrangements	
	5.5 Azeotropic Mixtures	
	5.6 Economics	
	5.7 Worked Example	
	Ĩ	
6.	Batch Distillation	
	6.1 Simple Batch Distillation	
	6.2 Evaluation of Rayleigh's I	Equation
	6.3 Rectification	
	6.4 Limiting Cases	
7.	Solvent Extraction	
	7.1 Liquid-Liquid Extraction	(LLE)
	7.2 Presentation of Equilibriu	
	7.3 Cascades of Countercurrent	
Teac	ching Materials	
Suito	able textbooks are:	
		Roper "Separation Process Principles", Wiley, 3 rd ed.2011.
		Engineering", Pearson, 4^{th} ed. 2016 (or earlier edition).
	-	
Thes	se cover material in more detail than	n does this lecture unit, and also include material taught in CET IIA.

Unit						
Heat and Mass Transfer Operations						
Level	Term		Duration			
CET I Reckensund		LT 2021	8 lectures			
Heat transfer (heating of energy or mass acro reach equilibrium and separation process, an	Background Heat transfer (heating, cooling, phase change) and separation processes (mass transfer) involve the transport of energy or mass across a boundary from one stream to another. If the transport is rapid, the streams might reach equilibrium and thermodynamics will control the performance of devices. However, many forms of separation process, and nearly all heat transfer processes, feature slow transport. In these cases, the performance of equipment is controlled by the heat and mass transfer rates.					
Aims						
equipment size in the	performance of continu	uous contacting pro	the interaction between transfer rate and becesses. The course will cover two types of gers and (<i>ii</i>) gas absorption or desorption in			
Learning Outcomes						
On completing this co	ourse and the associated	l problem sheets, st	udents should be able to:			
 show how to calculate the local, steady-state rates of transfer of (<i>i</i>) heat in heat exchangers, and (<i>ii</i>) mass in gas absorption or desorption; understand how local rates can be integrated to model the performance of continuous contacting units, and to appreciate the differences between design and rating calculations; understand how transport resistances, approach to equilibrium and effect of configuration (co- or counter-current) affect unit performance; appreciate the analogy between heat and mass transfer; undertake the initial thermal design of a heat exchanger with one or more passes on each side; undertake the initial process design of a packed column gas absorber or desorber. 						
Assumed Knowledge Material		Source				
Mass and energy balancesCET I Process CalculationsHeat and mass transferCET I Heat and Mass Transfer Fundamentals						
Connections To Othe	r Units					
This course builds on the material presented in Heat and Mass Transfer Fundamentals, but now scales up the results to predict the performance of unit operations. The material covered in these lectures is used in several other courses throughout the Chemical Engineering Tripos. In particular, the course is likely to be used in a CET I Exercise and the CET IIA Design Project.						
SelfAssessment						
Two problem sheets will be issued, one on heat transfer and one on mass transfer. The following examination questions indicate the level of achievement expected: CET I Paper 1: 2010-2017, all Q.8; 2018 & 2019, both Q.5						
Assessment						
The material from this unit is assessed by written examination.						
Prepared						

Unit	Staff
H&MT Operations	Dr S.L. Rough
C	

This course considers transfer of energy or mass (but not both simultaneously) between two, single-phase streams in plug flow. The design and operation of devices will be addressed, which will affect heat transfer and mass transfer. The treatment of both processes is similar owing to the heat/mass transfer analogy and will be developed first for heat transfer and then applied to a subset of mass transfer devices, namely simple gas absorbers.

- 1. Principles of Heat Transfer between Fluid Streams
 - Concentric tube heat exchanger: integration of heat transfer equations; effect of pressure drop
 - Co- and counter-current flow
 - Rating calculations
 - Analogy between heat and mass transfer
 - Heat transfer correlations

2. Heat Transfer Devices

• Heat exchangers: design; multi-pass; temperature crosses; selection; fouling

3. Mass Transfer - Gas Absorption

- Separation equipment: wetted wall, packed and plate columns
- Column sizing (dilute case): gas-liquid interfaces; equilibrium relationships; mass
- transfer coefficients; operating lines; pinch; transfer units (HTU, NTU)
- Use of HETPs
- Operating features: selection of packed column diameter

Teaching Materials

The following textbooks cover far more material than included in this course, but are useful for reference:

- W.L. McCabe, J.C. Smith and P. Harriott, "Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering", McGraw-Hill, 7th ed. 2005.
- J.M. Coulson and J.F. Richardson, "Chemical Engineering Volume 2", Butterworth-Heinemann, 5th ed. 2002.
- J.M. Kay and R.M. Nedderman, "Fluid Mechanics and Transfer Processes", Cambridge University Press, 1985.
- F.P. Incropera, D.P. De Witt, T.L. Bergman and A.S. Lavine, "Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer", Wiley, 8th ed. 2017 (or an earlier edition)

Unit					
Engineering Mathematics					
Level	Term	-	Duration		
CET I		LT and ET 2021	24 lectures		
techniques. Many engin Techniques for solving process outputs and so a	eering problems resu these equations, whe	It in linear or non-line ther numerically or ar	life involves the use of mathematical ear algebraic or differential equations. alytically, play a key role in predicting isation of industrial applications.		
Aims					
			techniques presented and to cover the ng appropriate analytical or numerical		
Learning Outcomes					
 use numerical meth use numerical appresent of the set up and solve op set up matrices and solve certain types understand the Lap use the Laplace transmake mathematical formulate and solve 	numerically nods for solving ODE nods for solving non-l oaches to solve PDEs timisation problems (manipulate them to so of ODE analytically lace transform concepts nsform to solve ODE	inear equations (both unconstrained a solve systems of linear ptually as a transform s tems of algebraic equ	nd constrained) r equations ation between solution variable spaces		
Assumed Knowledge Material		Source			
Linear algebra and	Linear algebra and calculusNST IA and ET IAMaterial and energy balancesCET I Process Calculations				
Connections To Other	Units				
The skills acquired in th Tripos.	is unit are needed to	solve problems in oth	er courses in the Chemical Engineering		
Self Assessment					
Problem sheets will be in The questions in the fol	lowing Tripos papers r 2, questions 1, 2, 3,	4, CET I 2018-2019,	achievement expected: paper 4, questions 1, 2, 3;		
Assessment					
The material from this unit is assessed by written examination.					
Prepared	Approved	Subject Grouping			
SDS, SA 08/2020	GDM	Mathematical Metho	ods		

Unit Staff Engineering Mathematics Dr S. D. Stranks, Dr. S. Ahnert	
DI S. D. Straiks, DI. S. Allieft	

Numerical Methods (10 lectures, SDS)

- Integration: Trapezium rule and its errors
- Ordinary differential equations: Euler's method and modified Euler; Second and fourth order Runge Kutta; Simultaneous first order ODEs; Second and higher order ODEs; Picard iteration; Difficulties encountered
- Partial Differential equations: Finite difference methods, method of lines
- Optimisation: Single variable; Several variables (unconstrained, constrained, Lagrange multipliers, linear programming)
- Non-linear systems of equations: Single non-linear equation (dominant terms and bounding functions, Newton-Raphson, successive substitution, interval halving, problems with iteration); Simultaneous non-linear equations (successive substitution, Newton-Raphson using Jacobian)

Analytical solutions to ODEs (3 lectures, SDS)

- Classification of ODEs
- First order equations: Standard methods of solution (review)
- Second order non-linear equations: Derivative substitution method; Homogeneous function method
- Linear equations of higher order: Homogeneous equations; Non-homogeneous equations; Method of undetermined coefficients; Method of variation of parameters

Linear Algebra (3 lectures, SDS)

- Linear algebraic equations
- Matrices, vectors
- Solution of linear equation systems: Gaussian elimination and LU factorisation
- Partitioned equation systems and partitioned matrices and vectors

Mathematics of Process Dynamics (8 lectures, SA)

- Laplace transforms: introduction; basic properties; using transforms to solve differential equations; initial and final value theorems
- Linear systems: transfer functions; modelling; frequency response
- Dynamic mass and energy balances: formulation of conservation statements; solution of dynamic equations (mixed/unmixed, variable volume, chemical reaction)

Teaching Materials

The recommended textbook is:

E. Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley, 10th ed. 2011 (or later editions)

Other reference books will be recommended at appropriate points in lectures.

Unit					
Stress Analysis and Pressure Vessels					
Level	Term		Duration		
CET I	10///	LT 2021	8 lectures		
Background		<u>E1 2021</u>	0 10010100		
The analysis of stress and strain is central to many engineering practices, including the design of pressure and reactor vessels. In a number of cases the mechanical design of process vessels is the key component to safe and efficient operation. It is therefore essential that a chemical engineer has a sound grounding in terms of understanding the basics and design aspects of stress and strain analysis. Engineers are using these methods of analysis to study structures such as nanostructures, bio-cells and even molecular structures.					
design and to provide strain in solid bodies. notion of a tensor and materials).	a foundation in later un It will be used to descr	nits. This unit is concerned ibe failure criteria for engin	s sufficient for simple pressure vessel with the distribution of stress and heering materials, to introduce the ee dimensions (e.g. in granular		
Learning Outcomes					
 On completing this course and the associated problem sheets, students should be able to: identify the most likely mode of failure in a pressure vessel quantify the stresses and strains in 2-D thin-walled pressure vessels holding a fluid at elevated pressure and/or temperature calculate the stresses and strains generated by imposing torsion on a rod or tube predict the change in dimension and volume of a simple piece resulting from a change in temperature relate the stresses and strains in a pressure vessel to brittle and ductile failure criteria calculate the stress state in a slab given a set of strain gauge data 					
Assumed Knowledge Material		Source			
Basic applied mat	ths; mechanics	School			
Connections To Othe	r Units				
The material may be used in the CET I design exercise and the CET IIA design project. The course links closely with the units on structures and materials. The stress analysis component of the unit is used later in lecture units on rheology and fluid mechanics.					
Self Assessment					
One problem sheet will accompany the material in the unit. Students should be able to complete the introductory problems after reading through the relevant lecture material.					
and 8 in Gere and Goo	odno's book contain a l	ons in existence which are of arge number of example pr [&2] Q1, 2018-2019 Paper			
Assessment					
The material from this unit is assessed by written examination.					
Prepared	Approved	Subject Grouping			
AJS 09/2020	GDM	Enabling Topic			

Unit		Staff			
SAPV	ain	Dr A. J. Sederman			
Synops	\$15				
Introdu	action.				
1	Pressure Vessels. Vacuum vessels - Euler buckling.				
2	Fracture. Stress concentrators. Fracture.				
3	Hoop, Lo Bulk and				
4	Thermal Effects. Coefficient of Thermal Expansion. Two-Material Structures. The Bime				
5	Torsion. Shear Stresses in Shafts - $\tau/r = T/J =$	= $G\theta/L$. Thin-walled shafts.			
6	Two-Dimensional Stress Analysis. Nomenclature and Sign Convention Mohr's Circle for Stresses. Application of Mohr's Circle to Thr				
7	Failure Criteria. Tresca's Criterion. The Stress Hexaş	gon. Von Mises' Criterion. The Stress Ellipse.			
8	Two-Dimensional Strain Analysis. Direct and Shear Strains. Mohr's Cir St. Venant's Principle.	rcle for Strains. Measurement of Strain - Strain Gauges.			
9	Round up.				
Teachi	Teaching Materials				
	cture notes include worked examples a ble on Moodle after being issued in lec	and provide ample coverage of the taught material. These will be tures.			
The recommended textbook for further explanation, worked examples and exercises is: J.M. Gere and B.J. Goodno "Mechanics of Materials", CL Engineering, 9 th ed., 2017 (or earlier edition). This book is equally useful for CET I Structures.					

Unit Convergence Material: §1 – Mechanical Engineering					
Level	Term	0	Duration		
CET I		MT 2020 / ET 2021	26 lectures		
Background					
An insight into mecha	ntains a mixture of me		particularly those concerned with mechanics of materials, structural		
Aims					
			eral mechanical engineering aterials, structures, dynamics.		
Learning Outcomes					
 discuss the mecha predict the conditi fast fracture; fatig draw shear force a identify statical in calculate deflection calculate beam cu use Macauley's m calculate bending calculate bending calculate buckling solve mechanics p 	nical properties of mat ons at which materials ue; creep). and bending moment d determinacy ons of initially straight rvature tethod and superpositic and shearing stresses v stresses in composite b gusing Euler's strut and problems which involv	failure will occur by various iagrams for beams in equilib beams on methods within beams beams	s mechanisms (plastic instability; prium		
Assumed Knowledge					
Material		Source			
Calculus		School; NST IA	A Mathematics		
Newton's laws of	motion	School			
Force and momen	ts	School			
Connections To Other Some of the material r to CET I Stress Analys	nay be used in the Des		part of the course is closely related		
Self Assessment					
	ation questions indicat 0-2017, questions 4-9	e the level of achievement ex but <u>not</u> those involving Lapl	xpected: lace transforms (which are no longer		
Assessment					
The material from this	The material from this unit is assessed by written examination.				
<i>Prepared</i> AJS 09/2020	Approved	Subject Grouping Enabling Topics			

Unit	Staff
Mech Eng	Dr A.J. Sederman, Dr S.L. Rough, Mr. Z Bond

- 1. Mechanical Properties of Materials (6 lectures, ZB)
 - Types of material
 - Properties of materials
 - The tensile test: stress and strain; stress-strain curves
 - Elastic behaviour: elastic parameters (Young's modulus; Poisson's ratio; shear modulus; bulk modulus); measurement and physical origin of the Young's modulus
 - Plastic deformation: tension and compression; hardness (and measurement of yield strength σ_y); physical basis for plastic flow; plastic instability (onset of necking)
 - Fast fracture and toughness: condition for fast fracture; mechanisms
 - Fatigue: high and low cycle fatigue; fatigue of cracked components; proof testing
 - Creep: steady state model; mechanisms; tertiary creep
 - Materials selection: pressure vessel example; introduction to the CES Selector database

2. Structures (12 lectures, AJS)

- General equilibrium of beams
- Sign conventions; shear force and bending moment diagrams; statical indeterminacy
- Deflection of straight elastic beams
- Curvature and bending stiffness; slope-deflections methods and superposition; Macauley's method
- Bending and shearing stresses within beams
- Second moments of area, $\sigma / y = M / I = E\kappa$; C compound beams; combined bending moment and

axial load, central one third rule; shearing force per unit length $q = SA_e y / I$, shearing stress

- Bending stresses in composite beams
- The transformed section; reinforced concrete; pre-stressed concrete
- Buckling: Euler's strut analysis

3. Introductory Dynamics (8 lectures, SLR)

Translational (linear, curvilinear) and rotational motion of point masses, rigid bodies and ensembles

- Definitions, concepts and laws
- Kinematics
- Frictional forces
- Elastic forces (simple harmonic motion)
- Curvilinear motion
- Work and energy; Power and efficiency
- Momentum and impulses
- Rotational motion

Teaching Materials

The following books are useful reference sources:

- M.F. Ashby and D.R.H. Jones, "Engineering Materials 1: an introduction to properties, applications and design", Butterworth-Heinemann, 4th ed. 2012 (or earlier edition).
- J.M. Gere and B.J. Goodno "Mechanics of Materials", CL Engineering, 9th ed., 2017 (or earlier edition).
- S.H. Crandall, N.C. Dahl and T.J. Lardner, "An Introduction to the Mechanics of Solids", McGraw-Hill, 3rd ed. 2013 (or earlier edition).
- J.L. Meriam and L.G. Kraige, "Engineering Mechanics: Dynamics", Wiley, 8th ed. 2016 (or earlier edition).

Unit			
Convergence Material: §2 – Introductory Chemistry			
Level	Term	ME 2020 / EE 2021	Duration
CET I Background		MT 2020 / ET 2021	26 lectures
A knowledge of Chem in developing a particu- because of an understa topics: chemical bond chemistry. <i>Aims</i> This unit aims to give	ular process or product anding at the molecular ing, inorganic chemistr	. Further, many advances in r level. This unit contains sho ry, organic chemistry, analyt working knowledge of chem	ey often need to interact with chemists a product development now take place ort courses on a number of chemistry tical chemistry and physical
Learning Outcomes		l anglelant de séa de deute ch	
 apply valence bor 	nd theory to predict sor	l problem sheets, students sh ne properties of molecules	
electron			the energy and location of an
	of molecular orbital th orbital theory to predict	neory t some properties of molecul	les
 describe the basis 	of band theory for me	tals, insulators and semi-con	
	rties of some transition rism and stereochemis	try in organic chemistry, and	d give examples
	on mechanisms in orga neral features of molec	nic chemistry, and give example a spectroscopy	mples
 predict and interp 	ret UV/visible spectra,	infrared spectra, Raman and	d NMR spectra of simple molecules
 understand other a chromatography) 	analytical chemistry me	ethods (scattering, microscop	py, mass spectrometry,
		hermodynamic parameters su	uch as internal energy, heatcapacity,
 understand when 	chemical reactions occ		
	namic calculations on ifferent temperatures a	chemical reactions, includin	g prediction of equilibrium
Assumed Knowledge			
Material		Source	
School level chen	nistry	School	
Connections To Other	r Units		
(thermodynamics, read Design Project.			her courses in CET I and CET IIA may be required in the CET IIA
Self Assessment Problem sheets will be issued during lectures.			
The following examination questions indicate the level of achievement expected: CET I 2010-2017: Paper 4(2) questions 4-9, 2018-2019 Paper 4(2) question 4 -7 (although students should be aware that the course topics have changed slightly over this time)			
(although students should be aware that the course topics have changed slightly over this time). <i>Assessment</i>			
The material from this	s unit is assessed by wr	itten examination.	
Prepared	Approved CDM	Subject Grouping	
MDM 09/20	GDM	Enabling Topics	

Unit	Staff
Chemistry	Dr M.D. Mantle, Dr T. McCoy and
	Dr P. Yaseneva
Synopsis	
· -	

- 1. Chemical Bonding (6 lectures; MDM)
 - The periodic table; valence bond theory; Lewis structures
 - Introduction to quantum mechanics:
 - general principles
 - the Schrödinger equation and wavefunctions for one-electron atoms
 - o energy levels
 - Molecular orbital (MO) theory:
 - linear combination of atomic orbitals (LCAO)
 - homonuclear and heteronuclear diatomic molecules;
 - $\circ \quad \text{hybridization; three-centre two-electron bonds; limitations}$
 - MO theory for metals; insulators and semiconductors
 - Introduction to transition-metal chemistry
 - o oxidation number and the eighteen electron rule
 - o metal-metal bonds
 - o use of HOMOs and LUMOs in transition metal complexes
- 2. Organic Chemistry (4 lectures; MDM)
 - Nomenclature and resonance structures
 - Isomerism and stereochemistry
 - Introduction to reaction mechanisms: curly arrows, nucleophiles and electrophiles

3. Analytical Chemistry (8 lectures; TMM)

- Introduction
- General features of molecular spectroscopy
- Ultraviolet/visible spectroscopy
- Infrared spectroscopy
- Raman spectroscopy
- Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy
- Scattering techniques
- Mass spectrometry
- Chromatography
- Microscopy techniques
- 4. Physical Chemistry (4 lectures; PY)
- (a) Chemical Thermodynamics: discusses the molecular basis of the following
 - Internal energy
 - Heat capacity
 - Enthalpy and enthalpy changes
 - Entropy and entropy changes
 - Gibbs energy changes
 - Equilibrium constants
- (b) Reaction Kinetics (4 lectures; TMM)
 - Rate of reaction; finding rate laws and rate constants
 - Reaction mechanisms: elementary reactions; steady-state hypothesis; chain reactions
 - Temperature dependence of rate constants: collision theory for gases; transition state theory
 - Catalysis

Teaching Materials

Suitable textbooks covering much of the course are:

- J. Keeler and P. Wothers, "Chemical Structure and Reactivity: an integrated approach", OUP, 2nd ed. 2013.
- P. Atkins and J. de Paula, "Atkins' Physical Chemistry", OUP, 10th ed. 2014 (or any earlier edition). Useful short books for topics 1 and 2 are:
- M.J. Winter, "Chemical Bonding", OUP Chemistry Primers, 1994.
- G.M. Hornby and J.M. Peach, "Foundations of Organic Chemistry", OUP Chemistry Primers, 1993.

Unit			
		Exercises	
Level	Term		Duration
CET I Background		MT 2020/LT & ET 2021	5 exercises
The exercises are min a single supervision pr	roblem or exam question The final exercise will	on, and are often similar to ta l involve the process and med	
Aims			
improve their time ma	nagement and report-v	some experience of solving ex writing skills by doing them, a gives students experience of c	
Learning Outcomes			
 perform the proce exchanger manage their time write reports 	non-idealised chemica ess design and mechan	al engineering problems	ess equipment such as a heat
Assumed Knowledge Material		Source	
Related CET I co	urses	CET I	
Connections To Othe	r Units		
These exercises will d	eepen students' unders	standing of the related CET to	opics.
Self Assessment			
	, but they will not tell	you whether your answer is "	& Answer sessions. Demonstrators right" or not.
Assessment		1 1 11.0 1 1	
submission will be add Tutor's note is receive	hered to strictly: mater ed giving a satisfactory	ial submitted after the deadling reason.	for the year. The deadlines for ne will be given zero marks unless a each one of the earlier exercises.
<i>Prepared</i> HCSS 9/2020	<i>Approved</i> GDM	Subject Grouping Classes	

Unit	Staff
Exercises	Dr G. Christie, Prof. R.M. Owens, Prof. A. Lapkin, Dr S.L.
	Rough, Dr J. Stasiak and Dr K. Yunus

The theme of each exercise is subject to change.

Michaelmas Term 2019

Exercise 1 : Process Calculations Exercise 2 : Fluid Mechanics

Lent and Easter Term 2020

Exercise 3 : Sustainability

Exercise 4 : Microbrewery

Exercise 5 : Heat Exchanger Design

Teaching Materials

A handout will be issued at the start of each exercise giving full instructions.

Unit		
Chem	ical Engineering Lab	oratory
Level	Term	Duration
CET I	LT 2021/ET 2021	8 laboratory sessions
Background The ability to perform experiments i experiments on fluid mechanics and pairs.		gineers. This laboratory class contains nts will normally be performed in
Aims		
This unit should improve practical s ability to write reports. Two experin equipment construction and testing.		
Learning Outcomes		
 On completing this unit, students sho perform experiments on fluid m construct and test equipment (So analyse experimental results perform appropriate error analy write reports well 	nechanics and transport processes ection 1 students)	
Assumed knowledge		
No prior knowledge is assumed – th A workshop will be given on report this unit.		ecessary information. of which are important components to
and Mass Transfer Fundamentals. In	n some cases, students will do the ex	Γ I Fluid Mechanics and CET I Heat speriment first, and so have a "head ll cover the theory first in lectures, and
then improve their understanding by		in cover the theory first in fectures, and
Report writing skills are useful throu (including error analysis) is importa		ripos, and the ability to analyse results ch Projects.
Self Assessment		
Reports are marked by staff and sen	ior demonstrators and feedback wil	l be provided.
Assessment		
The marks from the set of 8 reports Any piece of work submitted after th Tutor's note within one week of the	he published deadline will be penali	

Prepared	Approved	Subject Grouping
SB & KY 9/20	GDM	Classes

Unit	Staff
Chem Eng Lab	Drs S. Butler and K. Yunus
Synopsis	
The laboratory features the following experi	ments:
 2.1 Construction and characterisation of an 2.2 Measurement of liquid flow rate (§2 stu 3.1 Test apparatus for a centrifugal pump (§ 3.2 Dimensional analysis of a centrifugal pu 4 Friction factors in a smooth tube 5 Determination of liquid viscosity 6 Rise velocities of air bubbles in water 7 Drag force on a cylinder 8 Fluidised beds 10 Impact of a jet 	dents only) 1 students only)
Students perform experiments in pairs on a f 8 experiments (4 MT, 4 LT).	ortnightly basis according to a set schedule. Each pair performs
There are alternative versions of Experiment	ts 2 and 3 for §1 students (ex-NST) and §2 students (ex-ET).
Demonstrators are available during each clase experiments.	ss to offer help and practical advice concerning the conduct of the
types of write-up:	cording to the schedule in the Laboratory Manual. There are two
Standard reportsStandard reports with error analysis	
1 2	

Teaching Materials

A Laboratory Manual containing full information on the course will be handed out at the beginning of the course.

Unit			
		omputing Skills	
Level	Term		Duration
CET I		MT 2020, LT 2021	16 x 2hr sessions 8 x 2hr sessions
Background			
may be written using a PCs lies in the comme solving general mather	computer language survival packages that have matical problems to high	ich as Python, FORTRAN, we been written for them. T	ith computers. While new programs or C++, the great power of modern hese range from applications for engineering design programs. In this problems.
Aims			
		preadsheet package (<i>Excel</i>) process simulation package	and a mathematical package ge (<i>UniSim</i>).
Learning Outcomes			
 On completing this course students should be able to: Use spreadsheets proficiently (<i>Microsoft Excel</i>) Input data, manipulate data, solve non-linear problems numerically, and produce graphs Use a numerical computing package (<i>MathWorks MatLab</i>) Define new functions, solve non-linear problems, perform numerical optimisation, solve ODEs and produce graphs Use a process simulation package (<i>Honeywell UniSim</i>) Implement and simulate process flowsheets Optimise flowsheets within the simulator package 			
Assumed Knowledge			
Material		Source	
Linear algebra and Process calculatio		NST IA and E CET I Process	
Connections To Other	· Units		
Students will use the computing applications to solve problems throughout the Chemical Engineering course.			
Self Assessment			
There are six supervise in the Lent Term.	ed tasks. The first four	tasks will be in the Michae	elmas Term; the other two tasks will be
		ners that they are proficien ired to take a practical exa	t in computing skills. Those who fail mination.
Prepared SDS 08/2020	Approved GDM	Subject Grouping Classes	

Unit	Staff
Computing	Dr S. D. Stranks
Synopsis	
Task 1	
Data manipulation and problem solving usin	g Excel
T 10	
<i>Task 2</i> Performing numerical optimisation of a func	tion using MatLab
renorming numerical optimisation of a func	tion using mailab
Task 3	
Finding and selecting appropriate roots of a t	function using <i>MatLab</i>
Task 4	
Numerical solution of an ODE using <i>MatLal</i>	6
Task 5	7. : C :
Simple set-up of a process flowsheet using U	/niSim
Task 6	
Set-up and optimisation of a process flowshe	eet using UniSim
The theme of each task is subject to change.	
Teaching Materials	
Primers giving advice on how to use the software will be available on Moodle.	

Unit			(94)
	0	ering Drawi	C
Level CET I	Term	MT 2020	<i>Duration</i> 1 lecture; 5 × 3 hour sessions
Background		1011 2020	
This unit is for Section Engineering drawings	n 1 students, i.e. those are an important meth their designs and to unc	od of communication	used in industry. All engineers must be
Aims			
To train students to re technical drawing.	ad and understand engi	ineering drawings, an	d to develop basic skills in 2D and 3D
Learning Outcomes			
 Understand basic Understand the basic Produce drawings Demonstrate that Use a CAD packa projections. 		theory graphic projection basic engineering co s by producing a sket	mponents ch of an object represented on adrawing wings as well as detailed first and third angle
Assumed Knowledge Material		Source	
None			
Connections To Othe	r Units		
The skills acquired wi Project.	Il be used in the CET I	exercise on mechani	cal design and in the CET IIA Design
Self Assessment			
The progress of students will be continuously assessed by a series of graded tasks that will be completed during the unit under the supervision of demonstrators.			
Assessment			
Candidates are required to satisfy the examiners that they can make and interpret drawings. Those failing to complete the drawing class satisfactorily may be required to take a drawing examination.			
Prepared KY 9/2020	Approved GDM	Subject Grouping Classes	

Unit	Staff
Drawing	Dr K. Yunus
Synopsis	

Projection Theory

The students will be introduced to simple orthographic projection, which illustrates how a three dimensional object can be represented on a flat sheet of paper. The unit will start with very simple shapes, and will progress to include engineering components. The various conventions used will be demonstrated, including first and third angle projection, the use of dotted and chain-dotted lines, *etc*.

Engineering Drawing

The basic theory will be expanded to cover more complex engineering components, including the theory of sectioning, and the detailed conventions required for such components will be explained. Sketching skills will be developed by giving the students a simple engineering component both to sketch and to draw orthographically.

Reading Drawings

The ability to read drawings will be tested by giving the students a drawing of an engineering component and asking them to produce an isometric sketch of that component.

CAD Skills

Students will be introduced to a working with a CAD package and given exercises to produce engineering 2D and 3D drawings as well as drawings with projected surfaces and sections.

Teaching Materials

Use will be made of handouts and illustrations prepared for the course to give step by step guidance of using AutoCAD in 2D and 3D.

Unit						
Physical Chemistry Laboratory (§2)						
Level	Term	•	Duration			
CET I		MT 2020	5×2 hour labs			
Background						
This laboratory class is for Section 2 students, i.e. those who did Part IA Engineering. Students perform the five experiments in pairs.						
2. to expose students	ome exposure to exper-	lties and uncertaintie	n physical chemistry; es involved in chemistry laboratory work;			
Learning Outcomes						
On completing this un	On completing this unit, students should be able to:					
 perform experiments in physical chemistry and biochemistry interpret experimental results carry out data analysis write reports 						
Assumed Knowledge						
Material		Source				
Nothing advanced		A-level chemistry (or equivalent)				
Connections To Other	r IInits					
Each of the experiments is relevant to the CET I lecture unit on Introductory Chemistry, but there are also links to CET I Homogeneous Reactors and CET I Biotechnology.						
Self Assessment						
Students will write up each experiment, and these will be marked and returned to them. Students will be able to discuss their reports with a demonstrator.						
Assessment						
Candidates are required to satisfy the examiners that they can perform simple laboratory tests and experiments. Anyone failing to complete this laboratory class satisfactorily will be required to take a practical examination.						
Prepared HCSS 9/2020	Approved GDM	Subject Grouping Classes				

Unit	Chem Lab	<i>Staff</i> Dr A.C. Fisher	
Synop		DI A.C. FISHEI	
There	are five experiments:		
1.	Reaction kinetics in a stirred tank reactor		
2.	Reaction kinetics in a flow system		
3.	Measurement of ideal and non-ideal gases and solutions		
4.	UV-visible spectroscopy		
5.	Michaelis-Menten analysis for enzyme reaction kinetics		
[These	e experiments are subject to ch		
-	1 5		
Teaching Materials			

Unit Professional Skills					
Level	Ter	rm	Duration		
CET I		ET 2021	TBC		
Background Employers sometimes wish that graduates learnt more "transferable skills" whilst at university. These are skills that include the ability to communicate effectively, work well in teams, use modern IT tools, and so on. Many transferable skills are embedded throughout the CET course.					
Aims					
These workshops provide an opportunity for students to improve some of their transferable skills. It also enables students to hear an industrial perspective on some issues.					
Learning Outcomes					
On completing this unit, perspective of some aspo			anding of transferable skills a	nd a better	
Assumed Knowledge Material		Source	ce		
None					
Connections To Other U	Units				
Presentations are compulsory in the CET IIA Design Project and CET IIB Research Project. Team working is an essential part of the CET IIA Design Project. All modules feature extensive connection to relevant industrial practice.					
Self Assessment					
Students should be able improve their own abilit		ntent of the modules a	nd use the information presen	nted to critique and	
Assessment This course is not formally assessed. However, the workshops are compulsory – a record will be taken of attendance and forwarded to the CET I Examiners.					
	Approved GDM	Subject Groupin Classes	lg		

<i>Unit</i> Prof Skills	<i>Staff</i> Industrial Representatives		
Synopsis			
There are a number of topics presented in self-contained modules. The workshops will be presented by			

There are a number of topics presented in self-contained modules. The workshops will be presented by visiting speakers from the Teaching Consortium group of companies. For this academic year, these workshops maybe held virtually. A typical list is:

- Presentation skills
- Team working
- Application forms
- Risk analysis and management
- Project management

A final list will be issued before the start of the Easter Term.

Teaching Materials



Companies in the Teaching Consortium supporting undergraduate teaching in Chemical Engineering in 2020-2021